# **PU M A Applied Economics**

## 1 of 100 114 PU 2015 350 If two factors are perfect substitutes the isoquant will be:- $\square$ a parabola $\square$ a rectangular hyperbola C an L-shaped curve $\Box$ a straight line 2 of 100 129 PU 2015 350 Circular flow of income in an economy implies that:- $\square$ a) sum of all factor incomes = total expenditure on goods and services b) sum of all factor incomes = value of all (final) goods and services produced $\square$ c) total expenditure on goods and services = value of all (final) goods and services produced d) a, b and c 3 of 100 118 PU\_2015\_350 When technological progress takes place, isoquant curve shifts:-

- $\square$ upward
- $\Box$ remains constant
- $\square$ outward
- $\square$
- inward

## 4 of 100

204 PU\_2015\_350 Stopler-Samuelson theorem is related to:-

- tariff
- $\Box$ income distribution
- C effects of non-tariff measures
- $\square$ balance of payments

#### 5 of 100

154 PU 2015 350

A dice is thrown. Let A be the event that the number obtained is greater than 3. Let B be the event that the number obtained is less than 5. Then P (A  $\cup$  B) is:-

- C 3/5
- C 5/2
- C<sub>0</sub>

176 PU\_2015\_350

When it comes to comparing two or more distributions we consider:-

- $\square$
- a) absolute measures of dispersion
- $\square$ b) relative measures of dispersion
- $\Box$ c) both (a) and (b)
- $\square$ d) either (a) or (b)

#### 7 of 100

137 PU\_2015\_350

If during 2010-11, Personal Income = Rs. 1,600 billion and Personal Taxes = Rs. 200 billion, then Disposable Income was equal to:-

- $\square$ Rs. 1,400 billion
- $\square$ Rs. 1,800 billion
- C Rs. 3,20,000 billion
- $\square$ Rs. 8 billion

#### 8 of 100

190 PU\_2015\_350 Who is the current Union Finance Minister of India?

- $\Box$ P. Chidambram
- $\Box$ Manmohan Singh
- $\square$ Narendra Modi
- Arun Jaitley

#### 9 of 100

197 PU 2015 350 Which of the following is the second largest bank in India in terms of credit disbursement?

- $\square$ SBI
- $\mathbf{C}$
- ICICI Bank
- $\square$ Bank of Baroda
- $\square$ Indian Bank

#### 10 of 100

102 PU\_2015\_350 Marginal utility is:-

- С
- total plus average utility
- $\square$ total utility divided by number of units
- C addition to total utility
- $\Box$ total minus average utility

#### 11 of 100

200 PU\_2015\_350

Absolute cost advantage theory was propounded by:-

C Ricardo

- Adam Smith
- Marshall
- Malthus

122 PU\_2015\_350

When the price of a substitute of commodity X falls, the demand for X:-

- C falls
- remains unchanged
- complements
- C rises

# 13 of 100

186 PU\_2015\_350 Which of the following is TRUE?

- while a mathematical model is 'deterministic', an econometric model is 'stochastic'
- mathematical and econometric models are both not stochastic
- both mathematical and econometric models are 'deterministic'
- while a mathematical model is 'stochastic', an econometric model is 'deterministic'

# 14 of 100

# 105 PU\_2015\_350

LAC curve falls as output expands due to:-

- rise in sunk cost
- law of diminishing returns
- diseconomies of scale
- declining cost

## 15 of 100

124 PU\_2015\_350

Aggregate supply of land is:-

- absolutely inelastic
- relatively elastic
- absolutely elastic
- elasticity more than unity

## 16 of 100

146 PU\_2015\_350

The value of 'balanced budget multiplier' in a Keynesian model is equal to:-

- less than one
- C zero
- one
- greater than 1

138 PU\_2015\_350

- If GDP is less than GNP, then:-
- $\square$ a) net factor income from abroad is positive
- C b) net factor income from abroad is negative
- $\Box$ c) net factor income from abroad is zero
- $\square$ d) both (a) and (b)

#### 18 of 100

164 PU\_2015\_350

Suppose X and Y are independent random variables. The variance of X is equal to 16; and the variance of Y is equal to 9. Let Z = X - Y. What is the standard deviation of Z?

- C 2.65
- C 5
- $\square$
- C <sub>2.5</sub>

## 19 of 100

## 219 PU 2015 350

Which of the following is NOT one of the problems facing most developing nations?

- $\Box$ food shortages
- $\square$
- rapid population growth
- С labour shortages
- foreign debt

#### 20 of 100

141 PU 2015 350

- In a Classical model, an increase in labour supply without any change in money supply will influence:-
- $\square$ employment, output, real wage and price
- $\square$ output and real wage
- $\square$
- employment
- $\square$ employment, output and real wage

## 21 of 100

## 162 PU 2015 350

A National Competitive test has a mean score of 100 and a standard deviation of 15. If Raju's z-score is 1.20, what was his score on the test?

- $\Box$ 88
- $\square$ 118
- $\square$ 82
- L 112

135 PU\_2015\_350

GDP at market prices is equal to:-

- GDP at factor cost + Indirect taxes
- $\Box$ GDP at factor cost + Direct taxes
- GDP at factor cost + Subsidies
- GDP at factor cost + Indirect taxes Subsidies

#### 23 of 100

149 PU\_2015\_350 Keynesian analysis places emphasis on:-

- $\Box$ effective demand
- C aggregate supply
- $\square$
- savings and investment
- $\Box$ leissez faire

#### 24 of 100

218 PU\_2015\_350 On a graph, a positive linear relationship:-

- $\Box$ moves up to the left
- $\square$ moves up to the right
- $\square$ moves down to the right
- moves up to the right

## 25 of 100

169 PU 2015 350 If xy = 1, then  $y^2 + dy/dx$  is equal to:-C <sub>-1</sub> C <sub>10</sub>  $\Box$ 0  $\Box_1$ 

#### 26 of 100

183 PU\_2015\_350  $H_{o}$  should be rejected when:- $\square$ estimated t-value < critical t-value  $\square$ estimated t-value > critical t-value  $\square$ H<sub>o</sub> is large H<sub>A</sub> is large 27 of 100

142 PU\_2015\_350

The goal of 'full employment':-

 $\Box$ allows for disguised unemployment

- $\Box$ refers to 'zero' unemployment
- C no voluntary unemployment
- $\square$ allows for some amount of frictional unemployment

180 PU 2015 350

Given two unbiased estimators, the estimator with the lower variance is considered as:-

- $\Box$ biased
- efficient
- consistent
- $\square$ inefficient

## 29 of 100

140 PU\_2015\_350

Say's Law of Market is popularly stated as:-

- $\square$ demand creates its own supply
- $\square$ supply equals demand
- $\square$ demand is greater than supply

 $\square$ supply creates its own demand

## 30 of 100

## 161 PU 2015 350

A coin is tossed three times. What is the probability that it lands on heads exactly one time?

- C 0.375
- C 0.125
- C 0.175
- $\Box$ 0.500

# 31 of 100

104 PU\_2015\_350

Marginal land refers to a land with:-

- $\Box$ nominal rent
- $\square$ high rent
- $\square$ no rent

 $\square$ 

economic rent

#### 32 of 100

103 PU\_2015\_350 The word economic refers to:-

- C unlimited
- $\square$ free
- С unrestricted
- $\square$ scarce

111 PU\_2015\_350

Slope of the total utility curve changes at the:-

- $\square$ saturation point
- $\Box$ compensated budget line
- $\Box$ falling portion of the curve
- $\square$ point of inflection

#### 34 of 100

160 PU\_2015\_350 Which of the following statements are true?

i. Categorical variables are the same as qualitative variables

- ii. Categorical variables are the same as quantitative variables
- iii. Quantitative variables can be continuous variables
- $\square$ i and ii
- $\square$ iii only
- $\square$
- i only
- $\square$ i and iii

#### 35 of 100

159 PU\_2015\_350

If for a sample data: Mean<Median<Mode, then the distribution is:-

- С skewed to the right
- C
- neither symmetric nor skewed
- $\square$ symmetric
- $\square$ skewed to the left

#### 36 of 100

117 PU 2015 350

Equality of MRTS between labour and capital leads to optimization in:-

- $\square$ consumption
- $\square$ production
- $\square$
- profit
- $\square$ exchange

#### 37 of 100

181 PU 2015 350

If the expected or mean value of an estimator equals its true value, then the estimator is said to be:-

- $\square$
- consistent
- $\Box$ inconsistent
- $\square$ unbiased
- C efficient

185 PU\_2015\_350

In a simple regression model, if the variance of error term is constant, the errors are said to be:-

- $\square$ 
  - heteroscedastic
- $\square$ serially correlated
- $\Box$ homoscedastic
- $\square$ significant

## 39 of 100

132 PU\_2015\_350

Following which approach, national income can be measured as sum of flow of expenditure on final goods and services incurred by the household sector, the business sector and the government sector?

 $\square$ income approach

 $\square$ expenditure approach

- C
- product approach
- $\square$ investment approach

## 40 of 100

194 PU 2015 350

The Planning Commission of India is recently replaced by a new organization called:-

- $\square$ CSO
- $\square$
- Planning Aayog
- C SEBI
- NITI Aayog

41 of 100

167 PU 2015 350 4P4 is equal to:- $\Box$ 1  $\square$ 0  $\square$ 10  $\square$ 24 42 of 100

192 PU 2015 350 Which of the following sectors dominates Indian GDP in recent years?

- $\square$
- services  $\square$
- industry
- $\square$ organised sector
- $\square$ agriculture

43 of 100 128 PU\_2015\_350 National income is a:-

 $\Box$ a) flow concept

- $\square$ b) stock concept
- С c) both (a) and (b)
- d) only (b)

203 PU\_2015\_350

Selling a product in a foreign market at a lower price than in home market is called:-

- $\square$ subsidy
- $\mathbb{C}$ dumping
- $\square$ cartel
- $\square$ rebate

# 45 of 100

120 PU\_2015\_350

At saturation point for commodity X, the MUX is:-

- $\square$ zero
- $\Box$ constant
- C positive
- $\Box$ negative

# 46 of 100

153 PU\_2015\_350

The mean of the numbers a, b, 8, 5, 10 is 6 and the variance is 6.80. Then which one of the following gives possible values of a and b?

## 47 of 100

173 PU\_2015\_350

Quartiles are the values dividing a given set of observations into:-

- C three equal parts
- $\square$ two equal parts
- $\square$
- five equal parts
- $\square$ four equal parts

# 48 of 100

112 PU\_2015\_350

'Value and Capital' was authored by:-

- C J. Hicks
- $\Box$ A. Marshall
- $\square$ R. Stone
- $\Box$ D. Bernoulli

106 PU\_2015\_350

Price elasticity of demand is:-

- $\mathbf{C}$ change in tastes of consumers
- $\Box$ change in costs to a change in output
- С rate of responsiveness of demand to a change in price
- $\square$ rate of response of demand to a change in supply

## 50 of 100

145 PU\_2015\_350

In Keynesian consumption function, the value of 'marginal propensity to consume' (MPC) is:-

 $\square$ 0 < MPC < 1

- 0 > MPC > 1
- MPC = 1
- $\square$ greater than '0'

## 51 of 100

126 PU\_2015\_350 Which of the following is/are studied in macroeconomics?

- $\Box$ inflation
- $\square$
- domestic saving and investment
- C GDP
- all of these

# 52 of 100

101 PU 2015 350

Which is not an assumption revealed preference theory?

- $\square$ consistency
- $\square$ revealed preference axiom
- transitivity
- $\square$ a cardinal approach

53 of 100 113 PU\_2015\_350

An indifference map shows:-

- $\Box$ 
  - the average level of satisfaction
- $\Box$ different levels of satisfaction
- C total satisfaction
- С a given level of satisfaction

## 54 of 100

## 131 PU 2015 350

Following which approach, national income can be measured as sum of the annual flow of final goods and services valued at their respective prices?

- $\Box$ product approach
- $\Box$ investment approach
- income approach
- $\square$ expenditure approach

136 PU\_2015\_350

Personal income is equal to:-

- NNP at factor cost Undistributed Profits Corporate Taxes + Transfer Payments
- NNP at factor cost Undistributed Profits

NNP at factor cost – Undistributed Profits – Corporate Taxes

NNP at factor cost – Undistributed Profits + Transfer Payments

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156 PU\_2015\_350

The definition of the first derivative of a function f(x) at any point a is:-

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(a+h)+f(a)}{h}$$
$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$
$$f'(a) = \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$

 $\Box_1$ 

## 57 of 100

187 PU\_2015\_350 Under which theorem OLS estimates are BLUE, if assumptions of classical linear regression model are satisfied?

- simple regression
- Gauss-Markov
- $\Box$ econometrics

serially correlated

# 58 of 100

201 PU\_2015\_350

According to H-O theory the USA should import:-

a) capital intensive goods

- b) labour intensive goods
- c) land intensive goods
- d) both (a) and (b)

100 PU\_2015\_350

'Foundations of Economic Analysis' was authored by:-

- $\square$ R. Edgeworth
- Paul Samuelson
- $\Box$ A. Marshall
- $\square$ J. Hicks

## 60 of 100

193 PU\_2015\_350

The average inflation in India since independence is around:-

- $\square$ 26.3%
- $\Box$ 6.5%
- $\square$ 12.8%

1.3%

## 61 of 100

240 PU\_2015\_350

Industrial development and regulation act was passed by parliament in:-

- $\square$ 1956
- $\square$ 1951
- $\Box$ 1947
- C 1949

# 62 of 100

223 PU 2015 350

Oil is leaking from a tanker at the rate of  $R(t) = 2000e^{-0.2t}$  litres per hour, where t is measured in hours. How much oil has leaked out of the tanker after 10 hours?

- $\square$ 865 litres
- $\Box$ 54 litres
- $\square$ 271 litres
- 8647 litres

## 63 of 100

249 PU 2015 350 Developing countries, if compared with other countries, have:-

 $\Box$ a greater degree of equality in the income distribution

- $\Box$ a lower infant mortality rate
- $\square$ a lower rate of illiteracy
- $\square$ a smaller percentage of the labour force in urban areas

#### 64 of 100

236 PU\_2015\_350 Bretton Woods led to the formulation of:-

 $\Box$ GATT

all of these

65 of 100 222 PU\_2015\_350 is equal to:-

C<sup>a</sup> □ <sub>a</sub>c  $\square$ аC

C<sub>c</sub>

66 of 100

252 PU\_2015\_350

The idea that suggests that poverty is self-perpetuating because poor nations are unable to save and invest enough to accumulate the capital stock that would help them grow is:-

- $\square$ neo-colonialism
- $\square$ the dependency theory
- C the vicious circle of poverty hypothesis
- $\square$ the under-consumptionist hypothesis

## 67 of 100

231 PU\_2015\_350 Values of a random variable are:-

- $\mathbf{C}$ real numbers
- C natural numbers
- $\square$ always positive numbers
- C always positive real numbers

#### 68 of 100

244 PU 2015 350 According to the World Urbanization Prospects, \_\_\_\_ per cent of the world's population was residing in urban areas in 2014.

- $\square$ 44%
- 54%
- 64%
- C 43%

#### 69 of 100

224 PU\_2015\_350 The slope of the tangent to the curve  $y^3x + y^2x^2 = 6$  at (2, 1) is:-

- $\square$ -5/14
- -5/3
- -3/2

 $\Box_0$ 

## 70 of 100

246 PU 2015 350

Since June 2014, India has experienced a very favourable terms-of-trade shock as a result of:-

- $\square$ favorable exchange rate
- $\square$ rupee depreciation
- $\Box$ decline in the price of crude-oil
- $\square$ economic development

## 71 of 100

## 251 PU 2015 350

Many developing countries instituted import-substitution policies because:-

- the prices of the goods they exported were increasing
- $\square$

their terms of trade were improving

- $\square$ the prices of the goods they imported were falling
- their terms of trade were deteriorating

# 72 of 100

234 PU\_2015\_350

As the sample size increases, standard error:-

- $\Box$ decreases
- $\Box$ increases
- remains constant
- C decreases proportionately

# 73 of 100

258 PU\_2015\_350

A type of unemployment in which workers are in-between jobs or are searching for new and better jobs is called \_\_\_\_\_ unemployment.

- $\mathbf{C}$ cyclical
- $\square$ turnover
- $\square$
- frictional
- С structural

74 of 100 220 PU\_2015\_350

3(AM-Median)

Standard Deviation is a measure of:-

- C skewness
- quartile range
- percentile rank

kurtosis

75 of 100

242 PU\_2015\_350 SEBI was set up in:-

- L 1984
- 1980
- C <sub>1988</sub>
- C 1992

# 76 of 100

256 PU 2015 350

When economists say that developing countries have a 'dualistic' economy, the two parts referred to are:-



C rich people and poor people

men and women

C modern sector and traditional sector

town and country

# 77 of 100

238 PU\_2015\_350 India is a member of:-

- С wto
- IMF
- C ADB
- all the above

# 78 of 100

221 PU\_2015\_350 Cube root of 238328 is:-

- C <sub>65</sub>
- $\square$ 64
- C <sub>68</sub>
- C <sub>62</sub>

# 79 of 100

230 PU\_2015\_350 If two events A and B are independent, then:-

- a) they can be mutually exclusive
- b) they cannot be mutually exclusive
- C c) they cannot be exhaustive
- d) both (b) and (c)

232 PU\_2015\_350

Statistical decision about an unknown universe is taken on the basis of:-

- complete enumeration
- sample observations
- a sampling frame
- sample survey
- 81 of 100

# 282 PU\_2015\_350

Root mean square error represents:-

- the predicted value only
- the differences between predicted values and observed values
- the observed value only
- the differences between predicted values and estimated values

## 82 of 100

276 PU\_2015\_350

Matrix running from the upper left corner to the lower right corner and zeros elsewhere is called:-

- sub matrix
- scalar matrix
- diagonal matrix
- unit matrix

## 83 of 100

268 PU\_2015\_350

The sum of the deviations of all the values of a distribution from their arithmetic mean is:-

- $\Box_1$
- 0
- 0 to 1
- infinite

84 of 100

287 PU\_2015\_350

An increase in aggregate expenditure causes larger increase in income if:-

- marginal propensity to save is close to zero
- multiplier is large
- marginal propensity to consume is close to unity
- all are true
- 85 of 100

260 PU\_2015\_350

The opportunity cost of a good is:-

- the expenditure on the good
- the time lost in finding it

- $\square$ the loss of interest in using savings
- С the quantity of one good sacrificed to get one more unit of another good

284 PU\_2015\_350 Features of a public good include:-

- $\Box$ exclusion principle
- $\square$ a good that the public must pay for
- $\square$ non-rival in consumption
- C costlier than a private good

#### 87 of 100

# 267 PU\_2015\_350

Fisher equations states that:-

- $\Box$ nominal interest rate divide inflation is equal to real interest rate
- $\square$ real interest rate adjusts inflation is equal to nominal interest rate
- $\square$  nominal interest rate minus inflation is equal to real interest rate
- C real interest rate minus inflation is equal to nominal interest rate

# 88 of 100

# 273 PU\_2015\_350

Kurtosis measures of a frequency curve.

- the presence of symmetry
- the relative peakedness
- C the lack of symmetry
- $\square$ the normal curve

#### 89 of 100

266 PU\_2015\_350 Real exchange rate is:-

- $\square$ nominal exchange rate adjusts with inflation rate
- C nominal exchange rate adjust with interest rate
- $\square$ nominal exchange rate with ratio of price levels in two countries
- C nominal exchange rate with trade deflator

## 90 of 100

285 PU\_2015\_350

The currency notes of India are printed in:-

- $\Box$ Bombay
- С Nagpur
- New Delhi
- Nasik

261 PU\_2015\_350

The Physical Quality of Life Index (PQLI) combines three indicators. They are:-

- infant mortality, life expectancy and adult literacy rate
- L health, education and environment
- C crime rate, clean environment and quality of housing
- air pollution rate, water pollution rate and sanitation

## 92 of 100

280 PU\_2015\_350

The law of one price is not applicable to all goods internationally, because some goods are not tradable:-

- Balassa-Samuelson effect
- Harrod effect
- Rybczynski effect
- Fisher effect

## 93 of 100

278 PU\_2015\_350

The balance of payments is divided into two major accounts, the:-

- current account and the capital account
- C current account and the trade account
- capital account and the reserve account
- trade account and the reserve account

## 94 of 100

292 PU\_2015\_350

Disguised unemployment largely exists in \_\_\_\_\_ of developing countries.

- service sector
- care sector
- agricultural sector
- industrial sector

## 95 of 100

275 PU\_2015\_350

A matrix whose determinantal value is zero is called:-

- non-singular matrix
- singular matrix
- correlation matrx
- inverse matrix

293 PU\_2015\_350

A tested and proved hypothesis is:-

- $\Box$ 
  - an assumption
- C a law
- $\square$ a theory
- $\square$ an "if-then" proposition

## 97 of 100

277 PU\_2015\_350

The second derivative of a function informs us about the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of its graph.

- $\Box$ slope
- height
- $\square$ curvature
- value

## 98 of 100

291 PU\_2015\_350

The speculative demand for money increases in response to:-

- $\square$ a) increase in bond prices
- b) decrease in interest rates
- $\square$ c) both (a) and (b) are true
- $\Box$ d) only (a) is true

## 99 of 100

274 PU\_2015\_350 The Standard Error is equal to:-

- $\square$  the sample's standard deviation divided by the square root of the number parameter
- $\Box$ the standard deviation divided by the square root of the number of parameters
- C the population standard deviation divided by the mean
- the sample's standard deviation divided by the square root of the number of points in the sample

## 100 of 100

263 PU 2015 350

The research on the title "The Problem of Indian Rupee" was done by:-

- $\square$ Raja Chelliah
- Montek Singh Ahluwalia
- B.R. Ambedkar
- U.K.R.V. Rao